

Linear Algebraic Equations

①

Read $\begin{cases} \text{Matrix notations} \\ \text{Matrix algebra} \end{cases}$

row vector $\{r\}$
column vector $\{c\}$

Identity matrix

Banded matrix

tridiagonal matrix \rightarrow

trace of a Matrix
 $\text{tr}[A] = \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ii}$

sum of elements on its Principal diagonal.

augmentation

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[B] = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A] = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & ? & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Linear algebraic equations in matrix form

$$\begin{array}{c}
 [A] \{x\} = \{B\} \\
 \downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \\
 \text{known} \quad | \quad \text{known} \\
 \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\
 \quad \quad \quad \text{find}
 \end{array}$$

$$[A]^{-1} [A] \{x\} = [A]^{-1} \{B\}$$

$$\{x\} = [A]^{-1} \{B\}$$

Augment A with B

Elimination of unknowns

$$\begin{array}{l}
 [5x + 6y = 3] \quad 2 \\
 [2x + 3y = -2] \quad 5
 \end{array}$$

Naive Gauss Elimination

{ Elimination
 { Back substitution

$$\begin{array}{r}
 a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + a_{13}x_3 + \dots + a_{1n}x_n = b_1 \quad -1 \\
 a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + a_{23}x_3 + \dots + a_{2n}x_n = b_2 \quad -2 \\
 \vdots \\
 a_{n1}x_1 + \dots = b_n \quad -n
 \end{array}$$

(3)

multiply $\frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}$ to 1

subtract it from 2

$$\left(a_{22} - \frac{a_{21} a_{12}}{a_{11}}\right) x_2 + \dots + \left(a_{2n} - \frac{a_{21} a_{1n}}{a_{11}}\right) x_n = b_2 - \frac{a_{21} b_1}{a_{11}}$$

$$a_{22} x_2 + \dots + a_{2n} x_n = b_2$$

Eq 1

is

the

pivot ^{element} a_{11} - pivot element

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & | & b_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & | & b_2 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & | & b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & | & b_1 \\ & a_{22} & a_{23} & | & b_2 \\ & & a_{33} & | & b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_3 = \frac{b_3}{a_{33}}$$

$$x_2 = (b_2 - a_{23} x_3) / a_{22}$$

$$x_1 = (b_1 - a_{12} x_2 - a_{13} x_3) / a_{11}$$

④

$$x_n = \frac{b_n}{a_{nn}}$$

$$x_i = \frac{b_i - \sum_{j=i+1}^n a_{ij} x_j}{a_{ii}} \quad \text{for } i = n-1, n-2, \dots, 1$$

Operation Counting

floating point operations (flops)

$$\sum_{i=1}^m 1 = 1+1+1 \dots = m$$

$$\sum_{i=k}^m 1 = m - k + 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^m i = 1+2+3+\dots = \frac{m(m+1)}{2} = \frac{m^2}{2} + O(m)$$

$$\frac{2n^3}{3} + O(n^2) \quad n^2 + O(n)$$

n	Elimination	Back substitution	Total flops	$\frac{2n^3}{3}$
10	705	100	805	667
100	671550	10,000	681550	666667
1000	6.67×10^8	1×10^6	6.68×10^8	6.67×10^8

- 1- as n grows no. of computation grows.
- 2- Elimination requires more ~~computation~~ computation.

Pit falls

1. Division by zero
2. round off errors
3. ill conditioned system

— a small change in coeffs. result in large changes in the solution.

Qe

$x_1 + 2x_2 = 10$ $1.1x_1 + 2x_2 = 10.4$	4, 3
$x_1 + 2x_2 = 10$ $1.05x_1 + 2x_2 = 10.4$	8, 1

Example 9.7.

Scaling

Singular System

Determinant of a singular system is zero.

Determine the largest available coeffs. in the col. below the pivot element. Switch over.

Partial Pivoting.

{ Forward Elimination
Back Substitution
Pivoting

Gauss - Jordan

1. The unknown is eliminated from all other equations
2. All rows are normalized, (divide by first element)
3. Elimination results in an identity matrix.
3. no need to back substitute

- Steps
- 1- normalize first row (divide by first element)
 - 2- eliminate x_1 from all except 1st row
 3. normalize 2nd row from all except 2nd row
 4. eliminate x_2 from all except 2nd row
 5. normalize 3rd row from 1 & 2.
 6. eliminate x_3 from 1 & 2.

$$\begin{aligned} 3x_1 - 0.1x_2 - 0.2x_3 &= 7.85 \\ 0.1x_1 + 7x_2 - 0.3x_3 &= -19.3 \\ 0.3x_1 - 0.2x_2 + 10x_3 &= 71.4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -0.1 & -0.2 & 7.85 \\ 0.1 & 7 & -0.3 & -19.3 \\ 0.3 & -0.2 & 10 & 71.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.0333 & -0.0667 & 2.6167 \\ 0.1 & 7 & -0.3 & -19.3 \\ 0.3 & -0.2 & 10 & 71.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.033 & -0.0667 & 2.6167 \\ 0 & 7.0033 & -0.2933 & -19.5617 \\ 0 & -0.1900 & 10.0200 & 70.6150 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.033 & -0.0667 & 2.6167 \\ 0 & 1 & -0.04188 & -2.793 \\ 0 & -0.19 & 10.02 & 70.61 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.068 & 2.52 \\ 0 & 1 & -0.041 & -2.79 \\ 0 & 0 & 10.012 & 70.08 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.068 & 2.52 \\ 0 & 1 & -0.041 & -2.79 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Flops

$$n^3 + n^2 - n \rightarrow n^3 + O(n^2)$$